

## Claims

Claim 1: Amorphous silica particles, wherein an oil absorption measured by JISK 6217-4 (a carbon black for rubber – basic characteristics) is more than 400 ml/100g, the maximum value of  $\Delta V_p / \Delta \log R_p$

5 (where  $V_p$  is the pore volume [ $\text{mm}^3/\text{g}$ ] and  $R_p$  is the pore radius [nm]) is  $250 \text{ mm}^3/\text{nm} \cdot \text{g}$  or more in the pore distribution curve obtained by the nitrogen adsorption isotherm method, and pore peak radius when the  $\Delta V_p / \Delta \log R_p$  value is maximum is 3 nm or more.

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Claim 2: The amorphous silica particles according to Claim 1, wherein the maximum value of  $\Delta V_p / \Delta \log R_p$  (where  $V_p$  is the pore volume [ $\text{mm}^3/\text{g}$ ] and  $R_p$  is the pore radius [nm]) is  $500 \text{ mm}^3/\text{nm} \cdot \text{g}$  or more in the pore distribution curve obtained by the nitrogen adsorption isotherm method, and the pore peak radius when the  $\Delta V_p / \Delta \log R_p$  value is maximum is 10 nm or more.

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Claim 3: The amorphous silica particles according to Claim 2, wherein the maximum value of  $\Delta V_p / \Delta \log R_p$  (where  $V_p$  is the pore volume [ $\text{mm}^3/\text{g}$ ] and  $R_p$  is the pore radius [nm]) is  $1000 \text{ mm}^3/\text{nm} \cdot \text{g}$  or more in the pore distribution curve obtained by the nitrogen adsorption isotherm method, and the pore peak radius when the  $\Delta V_p / \Delta \log R_p$  value is maximum is 15 nm or more.

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Claim 4: The amorphous silica particles according to any one of Claims 1 to 3, wherein the average particle size is 0.5 to 40  $\mu\text{m}$ .

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Claim 5: The amorphous silica particles according to any one of Claims 1 to 4, wherein the bulk density is 20 to 200 g/l.

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Claim 6: The amorphous silica particles according to any one of Claim 1 to

5, obtained by baking.

Claim 7: A process for preparing amorphous silica, wherein the silica particles are baked at 200 – 990°C.

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Claim 8: Process as Claimed in claim 7, wherein at least one amorphous silica having the oil absorption of at least 340 ml/100 g is baked at 200 – 990°C.

10 Claim 9: Process as claimed in Claim 7 or 8 , wherein the time for baking is 10 minutes to 5 hours.

15 Claim 10: Process as claimed in Claims 8 to 9, wherein the resulting amorphous silica exhibits an oil absorption of more than 400 ml/100 g.

20 Claim 11: Process as claimed in any one of Claims 7 to 10, comprising the step of reacting at least one alkali metal silicate with at least one mineral acid.

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Claim12: Process as claimed in any of Claims 7 to 11, comprising the step of adjusting the pH value of the final silica to 3 to 10 either before or after the drying of the silica slurry.

25 Claim 13: Use of a silica as claimed in any of Claims 1 to 6 as matting agent or as carrier for pharmaceuticals or agrochemicals or reinforcing agent for various rubbers.

30 Claim 14: An adsorbent for pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, comprising the amorphous silica particles according to any one of Claims 1 to 6.

Claim 15: A matting agent, comprising the amorphous silica particles according to any one of Claim 1 to 6.